ABSTRAK

Rochim, Ahmad Rofiur. 2026. *Peranan Pendidikan Agama Islam dalam Mencegah Pergaulan Bebas di MTs Asy-Syafi'iyah Tejo Mojoagung Jombang.* Proposal Skripsi, Program Studi Pendidikan Agama Islam, Sekolah Institut Agama Islam Al Urwatul Wutsqo Jombang.: Moh. Kholik, S.Pd.I, M.Pd.

Kata Kunci: Pendidikan Agama Islam, Pencegahan, Pergaulan Bebas, Remaja.

Fenomena pergaulan bebas di kalangan remaja saat ini menjadi permasalahan sosial yang memprihatinkan, dipengaruhi oleh lemahnya pemahaman nilai agama, pengaruh lingkungan sosial, serta kurangnya pengawasan. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mendeskripsikan pelaksanaan pembelajaran Pendidikan Agama Islam (PAI), menganalisis upaya PAI dalam membimbing siswa agar terhindar dari perilaku pergaulan bebas, serta mengidentifikasi faktor pendukung dan penghambat di MTs Asy-Syafi'iyah Tejo Mojoagung Jombang. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kualitatif dengan jenis penelitian studi kasus. Data dikumpulkan melalui observasi, wawancara, dan dokumentasi, kemudian dianalisis melalui tahapan kondensasi data, penyajian data, dan verifikasi/penarikan kesimpulan. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa pelaksanaan PAI dalam mencegah pergaulan bebas dilakukan melalui kebijakan madrasah berbasis nilai akhlak dan pembiasaan kegiatan keagamaan rutin (seperti shalat Dhuha, tadarus Al-Qur'an, dan tausiyah). Strategi madrasah diimplementasikan melalui pembelajaran Fikih yang kontekstual, penguatan Akidah untuk membangun kontrol diri (muraqabah), serta pembelajaran Al-Qur'an sebagai pedoman moral. Keberhasilan upaya ini didukung oleh keteladanan guru, lingkungan madrasah yang religius, serta kerja sama yang baik antara madrasah dan orang tua. Sementara itu, faktor penghambat utamanya meliputi pengaruh negatif media sosial, perkembangan teknologi informasi, serta lingkungan pergaulan di luar sekolah yang kurang mendukung.

ABSTRACT

Rochim, Ahmad Rofiur. 2026. The Role of Islamic Religious Education in Preventing Promiscuous Behavior at MTs Asy-Syafi'iyah Tejo, Mojoagung, Jombang. Thesis Proposal, Islamic Religious Education Study Program, Al Urwatul Wutsqo Islamic Institute, Jombang. Supervisor: Moh. Kholik, S.Pd.I, M.Pd.

Keywords: Islamic Religious Education, Prevention, Promiscuity, Adolescents.

The phenomenon of promiscuous social behavior among adolescents has become a concerning social issue, driven by a weak understanding of religious values, social environmental influences, and a lack of supervision. This study aims to describe the implementation of Islamic Religious Education (PAI), analyze PAI's efforts to guide students away from promiscuous behavior, and identify the supporting and inhibiting factors at MTs Asy-Syafi'iyah Tejo Mojoagung, Jombang. The study employs a qualitative approach using a case study design. Data were collected through observation, interviews, and documentation, and subsequently analyzed through the stages of data condensation, data display, and verification/conclusion drawing. The results indicate that PAI's role in preventing promiscuous behavior is carried out through a character-based madrasa policy and the habitual practice of religious activities (such as Dhuha prayer, Quranic recitation, and religious lectures). Madrasa strategies are implemented through contextual Fiqh (Islamic jurisprudence) instruction, the strengthening of Aqidah (faith) to foster self-control (muraqabah), and Quranic studies serving as a moral guide. The success of these efforts is supported by teachers setting a good example, a religious madrasa environment, and effective collaboration between the school and parents. Meanwhile, the primary inhibiting factors include the negative influence of social media, the evolution of information technology, and unsupportive social environments outside of school.